NAME:

STUDENT ID #:

USEFUL CONSTANTS

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} C^2 / (N \cdot m^2)$$

$$k = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 8.988 \times 10^9 \ N \cdot m^2 / C^2$$

$$e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} C$$

$$m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} kg$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \ T \cdot m / A$$

$$g = 9.81 \ N / kg$$

Ampère's law:

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 I_{enc}$$

outside infinite straight wire:

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$$

on axis of circular wire of radius a:

$$B_x = \frac{\mu_0 I a^2}{2(x^2 + a^2)^{3/2}}$$

at center of N circular loops:

$$B_x = \frac{\mu_0 NI}{2a}$$

inside solenoid of n turns per unit length:

$$B = \mu_0 n I$$

Emf

in closed loop (Faraday's law):

$$\mathcal{E} = \oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = -\frac{d\Phi_B}{dt}$$

in moving loop:

$$\mathcal{E} = \oint (\vec{v} \times \vec{B}) \cdot d\vec{l}$$

wire of length L in uniform $\vec{B} \perp \vec{L} \perp \vec{v}$,

$$\mathcal{E} = vBL$$

USEFUL FORMULAS

 $\frac{\text{Magnetic force}}{\text{on point charge: }} \vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$ on wire: $\vec{F} = I \int d\vec{l} \times \vec{B}$ Magnetic flux through closed surface:

$$\Phi_B = \int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{A} = 0$$

In a constant magnetic field a particle moves on circle of radius

$$R = \frac{mv}{|q|B}$$

 $\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \text{Current loop:} \\ \hline \text{force:} \ \vec{F} = \vec{0}. \end{array} \\ \text{torque:} \ \vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B} \\ \text{energy:} \ U = -\vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B}. \end{array} \end{array} \vec{\mu} = I\vec{A}. \end{array}$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \, \frac{q\vec{v} \times \vec{r}}{r^3}$$

due to wire (Biot-Savart law):

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{d\vec{l} \times \vec{r}}{r^3}$$